Life Cycle of a Frog





A female frog lays a cluster of eggs that look like black dots and are covered with a jelly-like substance.



The single cell undergoes cell division and grows into a comma-shaped embryo.



The tadpole hatches out of the egg. It has gills to breathe, a mouth to eat, and a tail to swim like a fish.



The tadpole develops the hind legs first.



Over a period of time, the tadpole develops a pair of front legs, lungs, and eardrums. The skin grows over the gills, and the tail shrinks.



The lungs are fully developed, and the gills disappear. The froglet floats above the water to breathe air.



Finally the tail disappears, and the frog jumps out of water, ready to live on land. It catches insects with its long, sticky tongue and begins its journey.