1. To make the plurals of basic singular nouns, add an \textit{-s}.

2. To make the plurals of nouns ending in \textit{-s}, \textit{-x}, \textit{-sh}, \textit{-ch}, \textit{-ss} or \textit{-z} add an \textit{-es}.

3. To make the plurals of nouns ending in a \textit{-y}, and the letter before the \textit{-y} is a consonant, change the \textit{y} to an \textit{i} and add an \textit{-es}.

4. To make the plurals of nouns ending in a \textit{-y} and the letter before the \textit{-y} is a vowel, add an \textit{-s}.

5. To make plurals of nouns ending in the letter \textit{-f} or \textit{-fe}, change \textit{f} and \textit{fe} to \textit{v} and add an \textit{-es}. There are a few exceptions to this rule. The nouns ending in a \textit{-ff} take an \textit{-s} in the plural form.

6. To make plurals of nouns ending in the letter \textit{-o}, add \textit{-es}. If the noun ending with an \textit{-o} is preceded by a vowel, add an \textit{-s}.

7. Some nouns remain the same when pluralized.

8. Irregular nouns follow no specific rules, so it’s best to memorize these or look up the proper pluralization in the dictionary.