

Identity Property of Addition

A) Use the identity property and complete the following addition equation.

1) $6 + 0 = \underline{\quad}$

2) $0 + 3 = \underline{\quad}$

3) $0 + 20 = \underline{\quad}$

4) $18 + 0 = \underline{\quad}$

5) $0 + 9 = \underline{\quad}$

6) $15 + 0 = \underline{\quad}$

B) Fill in the missing numbers.

1) $0 + 5 = \underline{\quad}$

addition.

$\underline{\quad} = 19$

3) $\underline{\quad} + 0 = \underline{\quad}$

$0 = \underline{\quad}$

5) $14 + \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$

$0 = 4$

C) 1) Which of the following is not an identity property of addition?

2) Which of the following is not an identity property of addition?

a) $11 + 0 = 11$

b) $(-1) + 1 = 0$

c) $4 + 4 = 8$

d) $5 + 6 = 11$

2) Which of the following does not represent the identity property of addition?

a) $0 + 9 = 9$

b) $8 + 0 = 8$

c) $0 + 7 = 7$

d) $(-8) + 8 = 0$

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